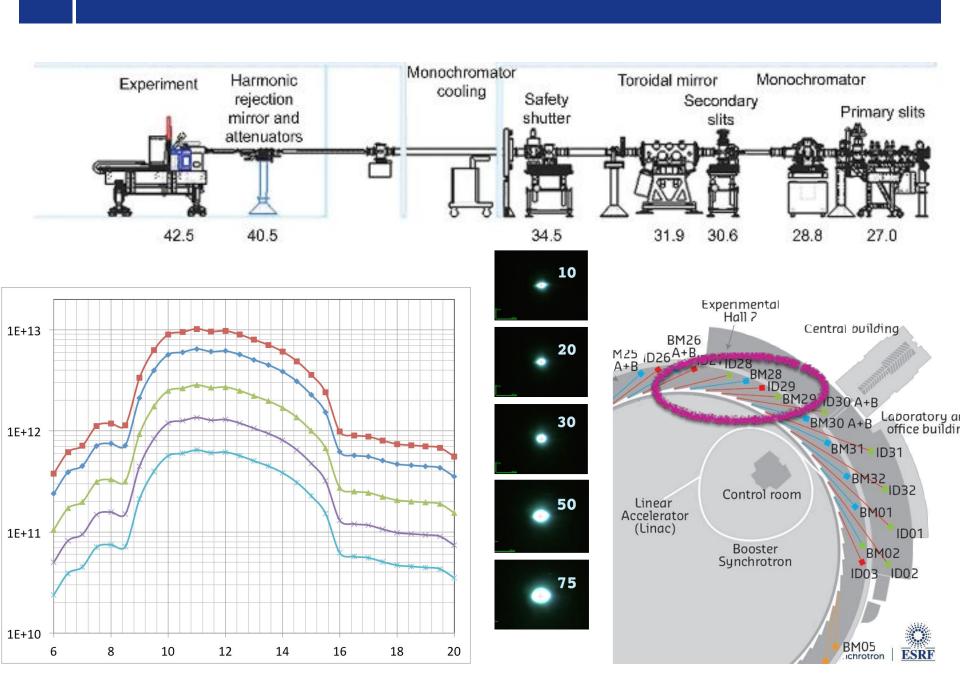


ID29 Current Status and Post-EBS plans



Quick overlook of the current status

•The EBSL8 project





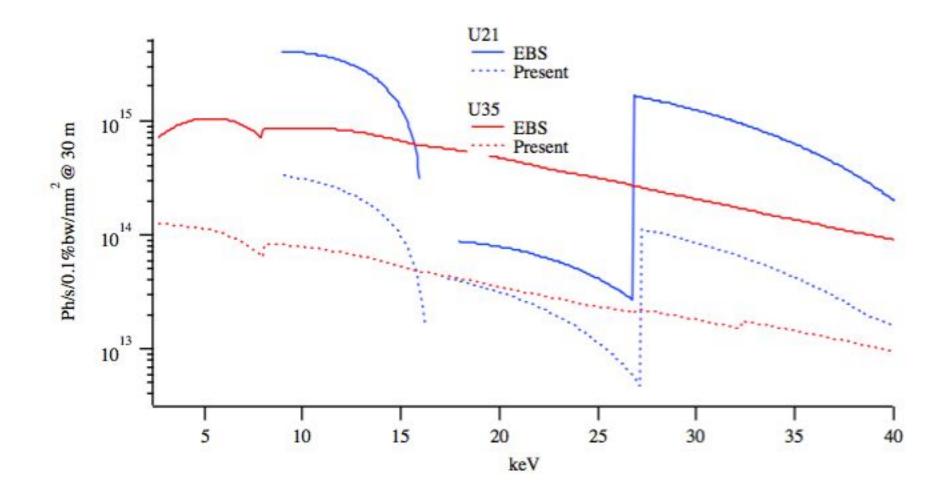
- Little changes since last year
 - New control PC with new name
 - "id29control"
 - Get rid of p1-id29

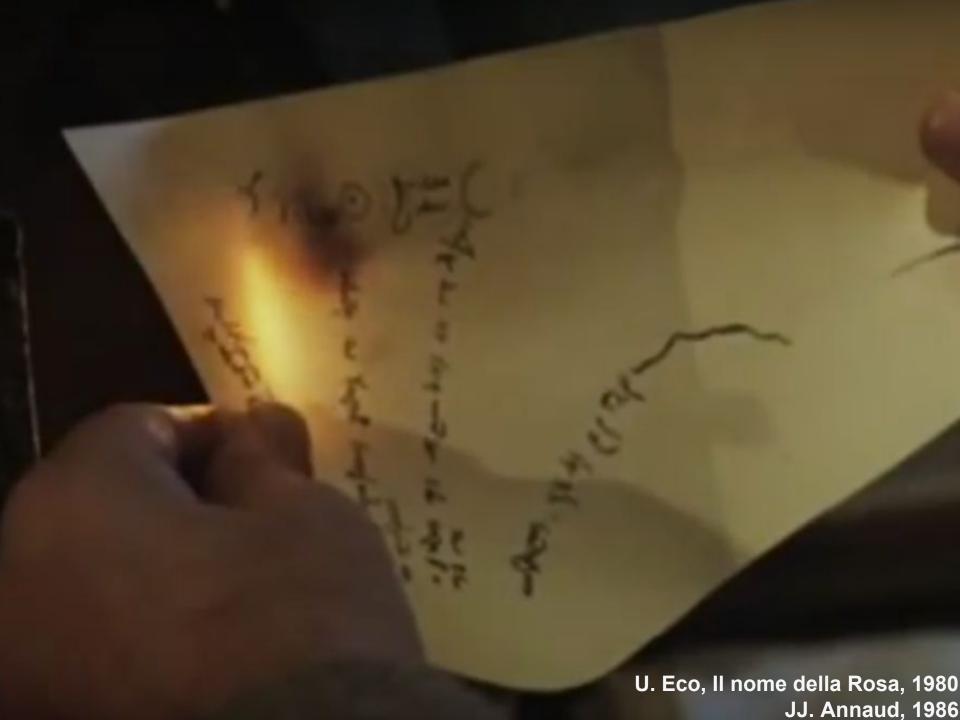
- Development and deployment of MXCuBE3
- Later this year installation of unipuck double gripper
- Installation of new slitbox with integrated XBPM

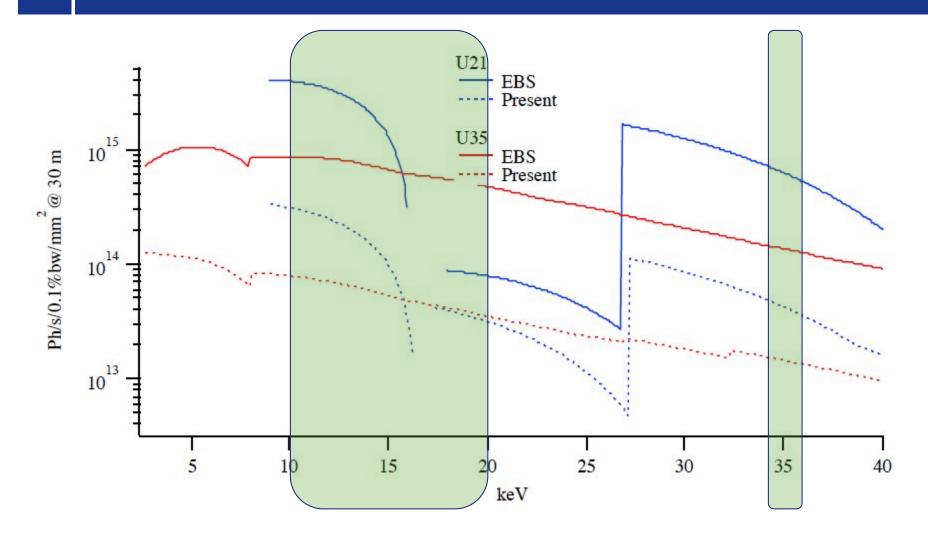
- December 2016 ESRF EBS workshop
 - 8 Science cases presented
 - Proposal for a Beamline for MX Synchrotron Serial Crystallography (SSX)
 - MX beamline with extremely High flux density for Serial crystallography experiments
- February 2017 SAC prioritized the 8 Science cases
- June 2017 Approval from Council
 - ID29 SSX is one of the two flagship EBS projects
 - Code name EBSL8

Present low beta and EBS electron beam parameters

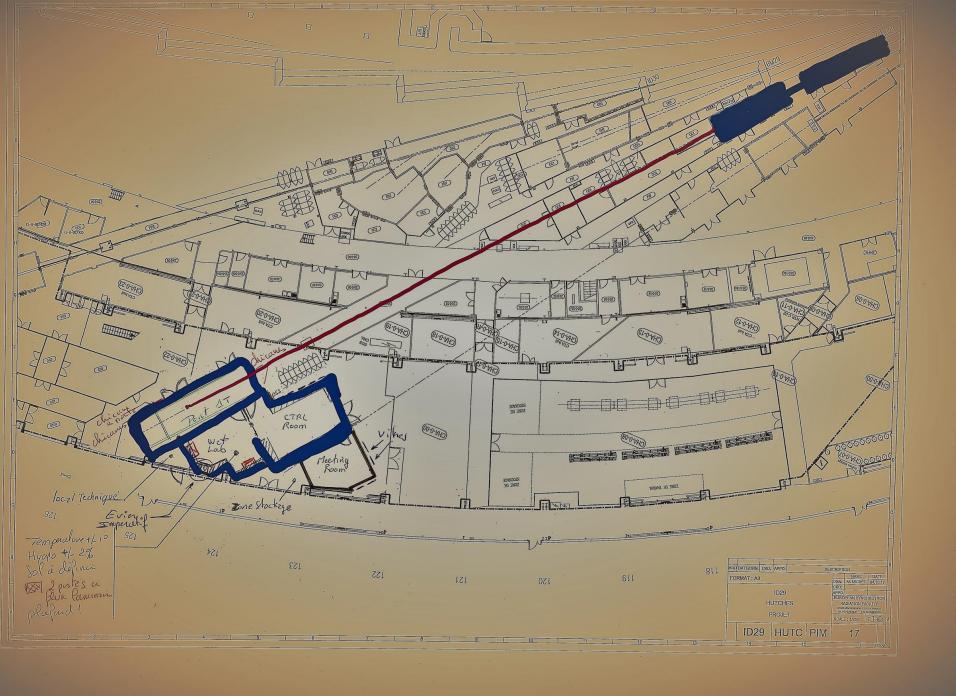
| Parameter | ESRF low Beta (ID29) | ESRF EBS |
|--|----------------------|----------|
| Electron beam energy [GeV] | 6.04 | 6 |
| Nominal current [mA] | 200 | 200 |
| Relative rms energy spread of electron beam [] | 0.001 | 0.00095 |
| Horizontal emittance [nm] | 4 | 0.132 |
| Vertical emittance [pm] | 5 | 5 |
| Horizontal beta [m] | 0.35 | 6.9 |
| Vertical beta [m] | 2.95 | 2.65 |
| Horizontal Dispersion [m] | 0.0308 | 0.00175 |
| Horizontal rms electron beam size [µm] | 48.5 | 30.2 |
| Horizontal rms electron beam divergence [µrad] | 106.9 | 4.37 |
| Vertical rms electron beam size [µm] | 3.84 | 3.6 |
| Vertical rms electron beam divergence [µrad] | 1.3 | 1.38 |

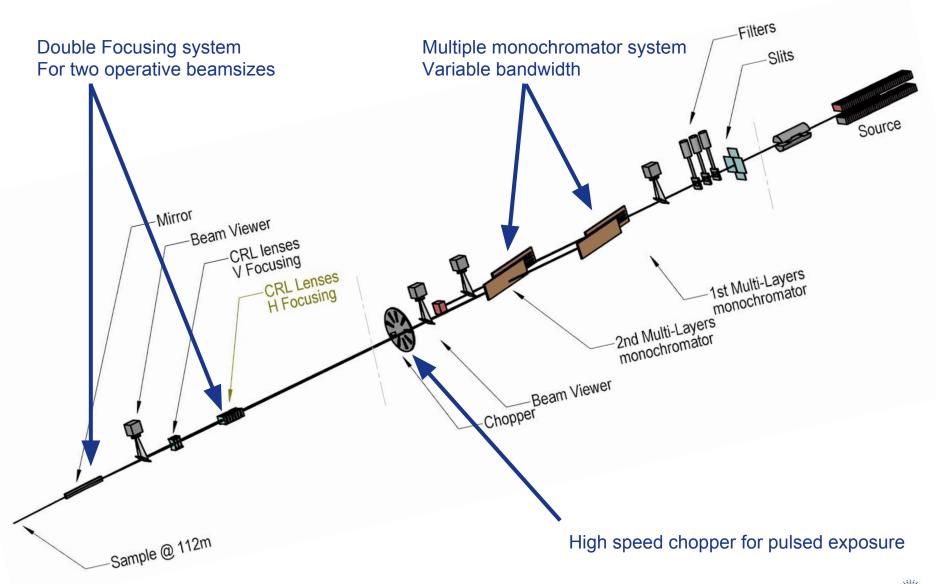






- With currently available sources
- In future a change of sources might be possible



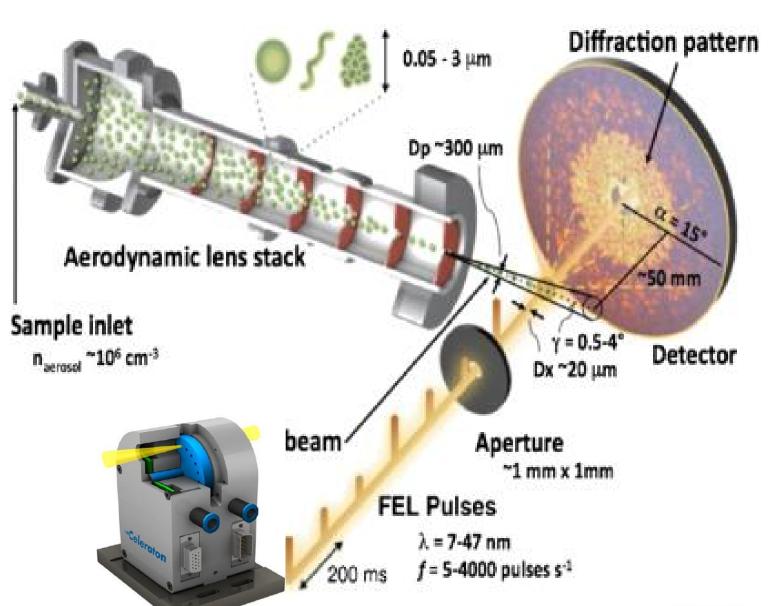


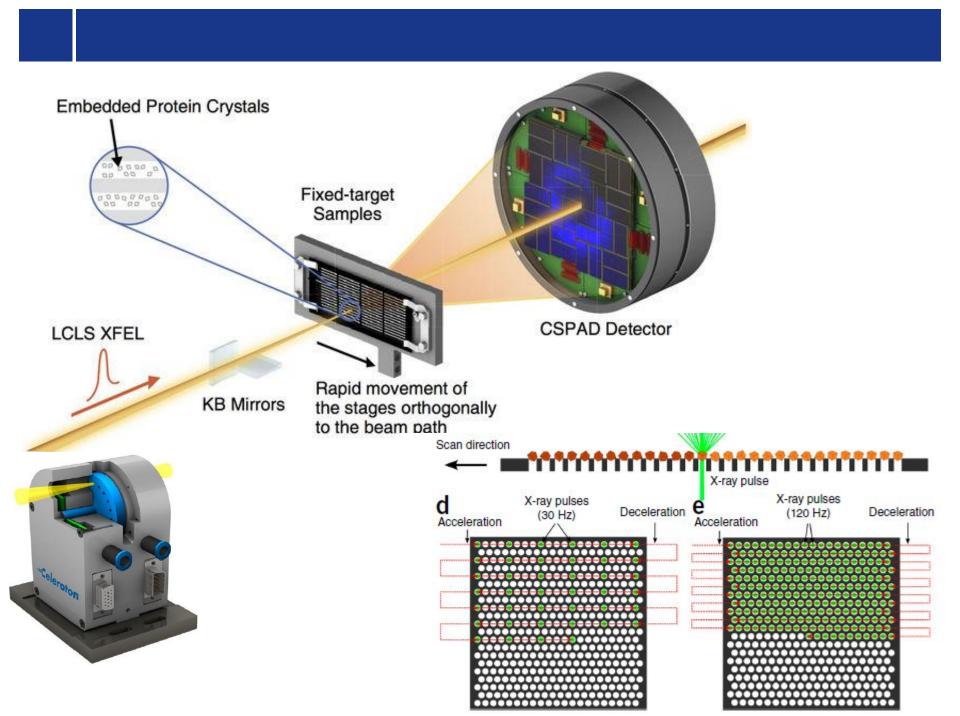
 $0.5 \times 0.5 \text{ um}^2$



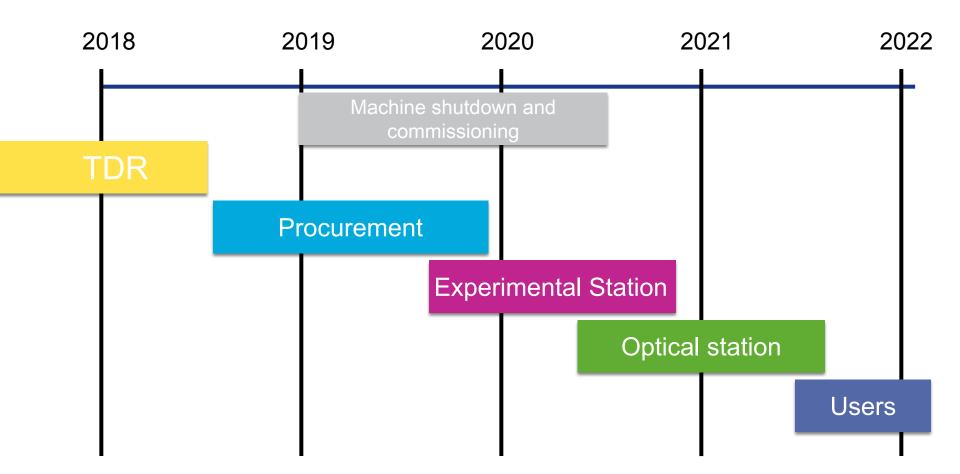
10 x 0.5 um²

- Two focusings for two different beamsizes
- Diffraction data from stills
- Larger bandwidth (1-2%) will increase Ewald sphere thickness
- Photon flux up to 10¹⁶ ph/s
- Exposure time down to 1 μs (or less...)



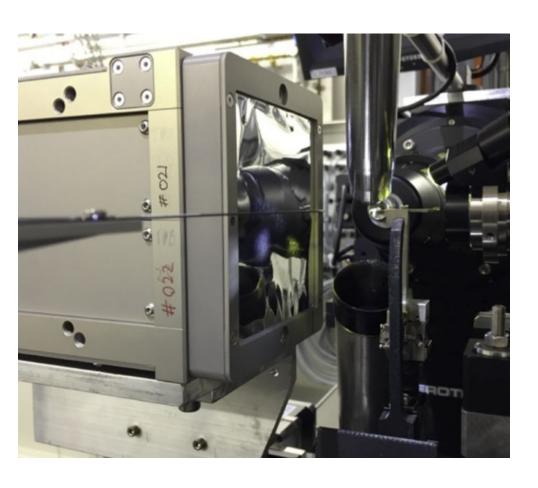


A TIMELINE





A NEW TYPE OF DETECTOR



- The detector we will need is under development by PSI, with a collaboration with ESRF
- It is expected to work at 2 khz with shorter integration time of 1 µs

- What from you, the Users?
 - Grow small crystals!
 - Move out of the comfort zone :-)
 - (R)Evolution on how crystal are measured, harvested, protected
 - Open up to the possibilities of new studies (RT structures, Time resolved structural changes, ...)